Representative Steve Eliason proposes the following substitute bill:

1		VICTIM RIGHTS AMENDMENTS		
2		2019 GENERAL SESSION		
3		STATE OF UTAH		
4		Chief Sponsor: Steve Eliason		
5		Senate Sponsor: Todd Weiler		
6	Cosponsors:	Andrew Stoddard		
7	Lee B. Perry	Mike Winder		
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8 9	LONG TITLE			
10	General Description:			
11	This bill allows investigations to be reviewed at the request of a victim or victim's			
12	family.			
13	Highlighted Provisions:			
14	This bill:			
15	 creates a review process for open investigations. 			
16	Money Appropriated in this Bill:			
17	None			
18	Other Special Clauses:			
19	None			
20	Utah Code Sections Affected:			
21	ENACTS:			
22	11-63-101, Utah Code Annotated 1953			
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Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:



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25	Section 1. Section 11-63-101 is enacted to read:	
26	11-63-101. Review of open investigation.	
27	(1) An individual who is a victim of a first degree felony, or who is a family member of	
28	a missing person or homicide victim, may request review of a criminal investigation if:	
29	(a) the incident was reported for investigation to a law enforcement agency with	
30	jurisdiction to investigate the incident;	
31	(b) at least one year has passed from the date the incident was first reported for	
32	investigation to a law enforcement agency with jurisdiction to investigate the incident; and	
33	(c) the law enforcement agency investigating the incident has not submitted the	
34	investigation results to be screened for criminal charges by the county or district attorney in the	
35	jurisdiction in which the incident occurred.	
36	(2) (a) $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\underline{The}]$ An $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ individual who is a victim of a first degree felony, or who is a	
36a	family	
37	member of a missing person or homicide victim, may request review of the investigation by the	
38	chief executive of the law enforcement agency investigating the incident. Within 30 days after	
39	receiving a request, the chief executive of the law enforcement agency shall meet with the	
40	investigating officers to evaluate the investigation, including existing leads and obstacles and	
41	investigative resources that may be available to move the investigation to conclusion, and	
42	develop a plan to:	
43	(i) close the investigation;	
44	(ii) undertake further investigative steps; or	
45	(iii) submit the investigation results to be screened for criminal charges by the county	
46	or district attorney in the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred.	
47	(b) Within 60 days after receiving a request for review under Subsection (2)(a), the	
48	chief executive of the law enforcement agency investigating the incident shall send written	
49	notification to the individual who made the review request advising the individual whether the	
50	agency will:	
51	(i) close the investigation;	
52	(ii) undertake further investigative steps; or	
53	(iii) submit the investigation results to be screened for criminal charges.	
54	(3) (a) If the written notification under Subsection (2)(b) indicates further investigative	
55	steps will be undertaken or that the investigation results will be submitted to be screened for	

56	criminal charges and no charges have been filed within 90 days following the date of the
57	written notification under Subsection (2)(b), or the investigation will be closed, the individual
58	who is a victim of crime, or who is a family member of a victim of crime, may submit a second
59	request to the law enforcement agency investigating the incident that the investigation results
60	and all evidence be transferred to another law enforcement agency with jurisdiction over the
61	area in which the incident occurred.
62	(b) Within 15 days after receiving a transfer request under Subsection (3)(a), the chief
63	executive of the law enforcement agency shall forward the investigation results to the law
64	enforcement agency requested by the victim or victim's family.
65	(c) Within 30 days of receiving the investigation results from the initial law
66	enforcement agency investigating the incident, the receiving law enforcement agency shall
67	evaluate the investigation, including existing leads and obstacles, evidence, and investigative
68	resources that may be available to move the investigation to conclusion, and:
69	(i) develop a plan to undertake further investigative steps; or
70	(ii) decline to accept the transferred investigation.
71	(d) Within 60 days after receiving the investigation results from the initial law
72	enforcement agency investigating the incident, the receiving law enforcement agency shall send
73	written notification to the individual who made the transfer request advising the individual
74	whether the receiving law enforcement agency will undertake further investigative steps.
75	(4) If the receiving law enforcement agency declines to accept the transferred
76	investigation, it shall return all evidence and information to the initial law enforcement agency
77	within 30 days.
78	(5) Nothing in this section requires a law enforcement agency or prosecuting agency to
79	close an investigation if charges are not filed within the time frames set forth in this section.
80	(6) An individual who is a victim of a first degree felony, or who is a family member of
81	a missing person or homicide victim, may seek review of an investigation by the attorney
82	general, pursuant to its concurrent jurisdiction to investigate and prosecute crimes in any city or
83	county of the state.
84	(a) $\hat{H} \rightarrow [\text{Within}]$ Subject to Subsection (d), within $\leftarrow \hat{H}$ 30 days of receiving a request
84a	from an individual who is a victim of a first
85	degree felony, or who is a family member of a missing person or homicide victim, to accept a
86	transferred investigation, the attorney general shall request from the initial law enforcement

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87	agency all evidence and information regarding the investigation.
88	(b) Within 60 days after receiving the investigation information from the initial law
89	enforcement agency investigating the incident, the attorney general shall review all evidence
90	and information received and make a determination regarding the investigation.
91	(c) The attorney general shall send written notification to the individual who made the
92	transfer request within 60 days of its decision decline or continue an investigation.
92a	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (d)$ The attorney general shall decline the transfer request if action by the attorney general
92b	would interfere with an ongoing investigation or prosecution by the county or district attorney
92c	in the jurisdiction in which the incident occurred. If the attorney general declines the transfer
92d	based upon this subsection, the attorney general shall refer the transfer request to another law
92e	enforcement agency with jurisdiction to investigate. The law enforcement agency to which the
92f	incident is referred shall follow the procedure in Subsections (a) through (c). $\leftarrow \hat{H}$
92g	$\hat{H} \rightarrow (7)$ An individual who is a victim of a first degree felony or who is a family member of a

missing person or homicide victim may request the assistance of a nonprofit organization

assist the individual or family member, the initial law enforcement agency shall, with the

specific case with the nonprofit organization. ←Ĥ

based in Utah that assists in solving unsolved crimes. If the nonprofit organization agrees to

consent of the individual or family member, share information and evidence regarding that